

EUROPEAN CLUSTER Collaboration platform

Methodology Notes for the ECCP Cluster Mapping and the EU27 Factsheets

Definitions, description of secondary data approach and additional tables

An initiative of the European Union





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01

Definition of Cluster Actors





1. Definition of Cluster Actors

The ECCP identifies eight specific types of cluster actors, which are defined below:

1. Cluster Organisation

Organisations with a remit to support the strengthening of collaboration, networking and learning within a cluster. They provide or channel specialised and customised support to boost innovation competitiveness among their members.

2. Members of cluster organisations

Members of cluster organisations include large firms, SMEs, start-ups, research organisations, incubators/ accelerators, technology centres, public or policy institutions, NGOs and civil society bodies. Each member can be part of one or several cluster organisations.

3. EUROCLUSTERS, European cluster partnerships and initiatives

Initiatives and/or partnerships between cluster organisations and/or other cluster actors that are promoted by the European Commission. These include Euroclusters, European Cluster Partnerships (ESCPs), H2020 Innosup-1 cluster projects, international business partnership actions, joint cluster initiatives, low carbon business actions and other new initiatives that may be developed.

4. National associations of clusters

National associations that represent either all or a part of all cluster organisations in a specific country.

5. Meta clusters and networks of clusters

Small collaborative networks between clusters (cross-border, across Europe or even international), mainly in a specific sector, operating under one brand.

6. Training providers

Organisations or individuals that provide training and/or coaching services for cluster organisations and/or cluster policymakers.

7. Resource efficiency support actors

Environmental and/or resource efficiency support agencies and business intermediaries that offer services in support of SMEs.

8. Policy or Public Institutions

National and regional policy institutions that are working with clusters and/or implementing a cluster policy.



02

Secondary Data Collection & Processing



Strengthening the European economy through collaboration



2. Secondary Data Collection & Processing

Below, the different indicators and data sources that are used in the ECCP Mapping Tool as well as the EU27 Country factsheets on cluster policies and programmes are presented. The data covers 88 NACE 2.0 2-digit categories in each of the 201 defined regional units¹. Below, each of the indicators is defined and the methodology employed for the processing of the data is described.

Indicators

Employment

Definition	Total number of persons employed
Unit	Number of persons employed
Source	The collection and processing of data on employment is drawn from the Structural Business Statistics (SBS), the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and the Regional Accounts (NA), all of which are found on Eurostat.

Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices

Definition	Output value at basic prices less intermediate consumption valued at purchaser's prices
Unit	Euros (Million)
Source	Collected and processed using data drawn from Eurostat's Regional and National Accounts.

Value Added Productivity

Definition	Ratio of gross value added (GVA) at basic prices per number of persons employed
Unit	Euros per employee (Thousand)
Source	Collected and processed using data drawn from Eurostat's Regional and National Accounts and data on employment (see employment indicator).

Specialisation (employment)

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DefinitionDegree of specialisation of an industry at a given location is measured by the location
quotient. The location quotient for an economic sector or industrial ecosystem in a region is
calculated as the ratio between the industry's share of employment in that employment in

¹ The list of all 201 regions included in the analysis is shown in Annex 2, while the list of 88 Nace-2 digit classifications is shown in Annex 3.





that region over that same industry's share across the EU27 Member States (See Equation below).

$$LQ(r, i) = \frac{\frac{emp(r, i)}{\sum_{i} emp(r, i)}}{\sqrt{\frac{emp(r, i)}{\sum_{r, i} emp(r, i)}}}$$

Unit

Specialisation is described by a unitless ratio. A region is considered specialised if the value of the ratio is greater than one, which indicates that the share of the industry in the region is above the share across all EU27 Member States. By definition, very specialized regions are indicated by a location quotient greater than 1.5.

Source Calculated based on employment data (see employment indicator).

Approach to Collecting and Processing Secondary Data

The data processing methodology employed to arrive at these indicators involves several steps. The aim is to collect data on employment and GVA at the regional as well as the 2-digit NACE sectoral levels.

The first step involves the **collection of raw data** for each of these indicators. Regional and industry data is gathered from the EUROSTAT database at the NUTS regional level and the different NACE 2.0 levels. For the number of persons employed, the data stems from the **Structural Business Statistics (SBS)** and the **Labour Force Survey (LFS)**, respectively. The collection of raw data on GVA at basic prices mainly stems from the **National Accounts** and the **Regional Accounts**.

Given the granularity of the analysis, several data points were not available at the defined NUTS and NACE levels for reasons of breaks in times series or confidentiality. Hence, in the second step, the **existing missing values** of the collected and homogenised data were estimated using an imputation procedure based on data available at the higher territorial level (e.g. country level).

The next step contains the **processing of the data** previously collected and partially imputed. Here, the data is processed in such a way that it is broken down at the regional level and the NACE2 sectoral level. Part of this also includes **adjusting the obtained values** in such a way that they match those published by Eurostat at a higher aggregated level of industries and the country level. Hence, when adding the values across the aggregated NACE sectors as well as the regions belonging to a given country, the resulting value must coincide with the published values from Eurostat at the NACE A*10 level. The obtained values are adjusted using a target dataset for each of the indicators employed. These target datasets may combine regional and country data to obtain the "most complete" target dataset at the regional level. For the persons employed, the target dataset is the following:

nama_10r_3empers: Employment (thousand persons) by NUTS 3 regions

Given that the data on employed persons drawn from the National Accounts is only limited to the 1-digit NACE level, the values of each individual sector have to be **disaggregated to the lower 2-digit NACE level**. This is done using the ratio of each sector on the 2-digit NACE level on the respective 1-digit NACE level from the SBS or LFS dataset for each of the defined regional units. The resulting shares are then applied to the value from the National Accounts for each sector at the 1-digit NACE level. Ultimately, when aggregating the values, the resulting **value matches the data from the target dataset**.





Other than for employment, the target datasets for GVA at basic prices stem from a combination of regional and national data and are described by the following datasets:

nama_10r_3gva: Gross value added at basic prices by NUTS 3 regions
nama_10_a64: National accounts aggregates by industry (up to NACE A*64)

As only data on the aggregated NACE (A*10) level is available at the NUTS regional level, these values must be **broken down to the lower NACE level**. This is done by using the ratio of each NACE 2 sector at the respective aggregated NACE sector at the country level. This ratio is then multiplied by the GVA values at the aggregated sector for a given region.

Employing this described approach, it is possible to obtain values for the first two indicators listed above (employment and value added). Based on the collection of processing of the data on these data, the other two remaining indicators (value added productivity and employment specialisation) can be computed.

Industrial Ecosystems

Overall, **14 EU industrial ecosystems** were introduced by the European Commission in 2020.² Such industrial ecosystems encompass related industries and players in a value chain, and consist of the following:

Aerospace & Defence	Health
Agri-food	Mobility-Transport-Automotive
Construction	Proximity & Social Economy
Creative & Cultural Industries	Renewable Energy
Digital	Retail
Electronics	Textile
Energy Intensive Industries	Tourism

Each of the 14 EU industrial ecosystems consists of multiple main economic activities, as reflected in the NACE rev.2 classification. Depending on its influence on a given industrial ecosystem, the sector at the 2-digit NACE level is assigned a certain weight. To obtain data on employment and GVA for each of the industrial ecosystems, the weights outlined in the European Commission Staff working paper have been applied to the collected data.³ As ecosystems are inclined to overlap, sectors at the 2-digit NACE level can flow into various ecosystems. Some sectors are identified as horizontal and thus affect all industrial ecosystems.⁴ Annex 3 presents the economic activities of each industrial ecosystem and their respective weights for employment and GVA.

⁴ These horizontal sectors include the following: C25, C28, C33, E36, E37, E38, E39, M69, 70, M71, M72, N77 and N78.



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 ² For more information, see also https://clustercollaboration.eu/in-focus/industrial-ecosystems (last access 27/01/2023).
 ³ European Commission (2021): Annual Single Market Report 2021. Commission Staff Working Document accompanying the Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. See https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-committee (2022)

content/EN/TXT/HTML/?uri=CELEX:52021SC0351&from=en (last access 27/01/2023)



Specialisation Nodes (Agglomerations)

In this context, specialisation nodes, or agglomerations, are defined as regions that have a high concentration of specific industries or sectors. The concept of specialisation nodes can be evaluated from two perspectives, namely regional-relevant specialisation nodes and industry-relevant specialisation nodes.

Regional-relevant specialisation nodes refer to regions that are highly specialized in a specific sector or industrial ecosystem, with employment in that sector or industrial ecosystem playing a significant role in the region's economy. These specialisation nodes are determined by a Location Quotient greater than 1.5 and a regional employment share higher than 1%.

Industry-relevant specialisation nodes refer to regions that are highly specialized in a specific sector or industrial ecosystem, with the sector or industrial ecosystem's employment share playing a significant role in the EU context. These specialisation nodes are determined by a Location Quotient greater than 1.5 and an EU-wide employment share higher than 1%.



03 Annex



Strengthening the European economy through collaboration



Annex 1: List of 201 regions and their respective codes

FRY1. Guadeloupe

Region name and respective NUTS codes

Region	name	and	respective
Austria			
AT11. B	urgenland	b	
AT12. Lo	ower Aus	tria	
AT13. V			
AT21. C			
AT22. St			
AT31. U AT32. Sa	pper Aus	tria	
	he Tyrol		
	orarlberg		
Belgium			
BE1. Bru	ussels Reg	gion	
BE2. Fle	mish Reg	ion	
BE3. Wa	alloon Reg	gion	
Bulgaria			
	lorth-We		
	lorth-Cen		
	lorth-Easi outh-Easi		
	outh-We		
	outh-Cen		
Croatia		(-	8,
HR03. A	driatic Cr	oatia	
HR04. C	ontinenta	al Croa	itia
Cyprus			
CY. Cypi	rus		
Czechia			
CZ01. Pi	-		
	entral Bol		abia)
	outh-Wes orth-Wes		
	orth-East		
	outh-East		
	entral Mo		,
CZ08. N	loravian S	Silesia	
Denmark			
	apital (re	gion)	
DK02. Z			
	outh Den		
	entral Jut		
Estonia	lorth Jutla	anu	
EE. Esto	nia		
Finland	ind .		
FI19. W	est Finlan	d	
FI1B. He	elsinki-Uu	simaa	
FI1C. So	uth Finla	nd	
FI1D. No	orth and I	East Fi	nland
	and Island	ds	
France			
	-de-Franc		
	ntre-Val o rgundy-Fi		
	rmandy	anche	e-conne
	uts-de-Fr	ance	
FRF. Gra			
	ire Regior	ı	
FRH. Bri	ittany		
FRI. Nev	w Aquitai	ne	
FRJ. Occ	citania		
	vergne-R		
		pes-Cĉ	òte d'Azur
FRM. Co	orsica		

FRY1. Guadeloupe
FRY2. Martinique
FRY3. French Guiana
FRY4. Réunion
FRY5. Mayotte
Germany
DE1. Baden-Württemberg
DE2. Bavaria
DE3. Berlin
DE4. Brandenburg
DE5. Bremen
DE6. Hamburg
DE7. Hessen
DE8. Mecklenburg-Western
Pomerania
DE9. Lower Saxony
DEA. North Rhine-Westphalia
DEB. Rhineland-Palatinate
DEC. Saarland
DED. Saxony
DEE. Saxony-Anhalt
DEF. Schleswig-Holstein
DEG. Thuringia
Greece
EL30. Attica
EL41. North Aegean
EL42. South Aegean
EL43. Crete
EL51. East Macedonia, Thrace
EL52. Central Macedonia
EL53. West Macedonia
EL54. Epirus
EL61. Thessaly
EL62. Ionian Islands
EL63. Western Greece
EL64. Central Greece
EL65. Peloponnese
Hungary
HU11. Budapest
HU12. Pest
HU21. Central Transdanubia
HU22. West Transdanubia
HU23. South Transdanubia
HU31. North Hungary
HU32. North Great Plain
HU33. South Great Plain
Ireland
IE04. Northern and Western (Ireland)
IE05. Southern (Ireland)
IEO5. Southern (Ireland)
Italy
ITC1. Piedmont
ITC1. Pledmont ITC2. Valle d'Aosta
ITC3. Liguria
ITC4. Lombardy
ITF1. Abruzzo
ITF2. Molise
ITF3. Campania
ITF4. Apulia
ITF5. Basilicata
ITF6. Calabria
ITG1. Sicily

ITH1. Autonomous Province of	
Bolzano ITH2. Autonomous Province of Trento	
ITH3. Veneto	
ITH4. Friuli-Venezia Giulia	÷
ITH5. Emilia-Romagna	1
ITI1. Tuscany	
ITI2. Umbria	
ITI3. Marche	
ITI4. Lazio	÷
Latvia	1
LV. Latvia	
Lithuania	1
LT01. Vilnius County	
LT02. Cultural regions of Lithuania	
Luxembourg	
Malta	
MT. Malta	
Netherlands	
NL11. Groningen	
NL12. Friesland	
NL13. Drenthe	
NL21. Overijssel	
NL22. Gelderland	
NL23. Flevoland	
NL31. Utrecht	
NL32. North Holland	
NL33. South Holland NL34. Zeeland	
NL34. Zeeland NL41. North Brabant	
NL41. North Brabant NL42. Limburg	
Poland	4
PL21. Małopolskie	1
PL22. Śląskie	
PL41. Wielkopolskie	
PL42. Zachodniopomorskie	
PL43. Lubuskie	
PL51. Dolnośląskie	
PL52. Opolskie	
PL61. Kujawsko-pomorskie	
PL62. Warmińsko-mazurskie	
PL63. Pomorskie	
PL71. Łódzkie PL72. Świetokrzyskie	
PL72. Swiętokrzyskie PL81. Lubelskie	
PL81. Lubeiskie PL82. Podkarpackie	
PL84. Podlaskie	
PL91. Warsaw-Capital	
PL92. Mazowieckie-Regional	
Portugal	
PT11. North (Portugal)	
PT15. Algarve	
PT16. Centre (Portugal)	
PT17. Lisbon Metropolitan Area	
PT18. Alentejo	
PT20. Azores	
PT30. Madeira	
Romania	
RO11. North-West (Romania)	
RO12. Centre (Romania) RO21. North-East (Romania)	
RO22. South-East (Romania)	

RO31. South-Muntenia
RO32. Bucharest-Ilfov
RO41. South-West Oltenia
RO42. West (Romania)
Slovakia
SK01. Bratislava
SK02. West Slovakia
SK03. Central Slovakia
SK04. East Slovakia
Slovenia
SI03. East Slovenia
SI04. West Slovenia
Spain
ES11. Galicia
ES12. Asturias
ES13. Cantabria
ES21. Basque Country
ES22. Navarre
ES23. Rioja
ES24. Aragon
ES30. Madrid
ES41. Castile and Leon
ES42. Castile-La Mancha
ES43. Extremadura
ES51. Catalonia
ES52. Valencia
ES53. Balearic Islands
ES61. Andalusia
ES62. Murcia
ES63. Ceuta
ES64. Melilla
ES70. Canary Islands
Sweden
SE11. Stockholm
SE12. East-Central Sweden
SE21. Småland and islands
SE22. South Sweden
SE23. West Sweden
SE31. North-Central Sweden
SE32. Central Norrland
SE33. Upper Norrland



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ITG2. Sardinia

Annex 2: List of 88 NACE-2 Digit Classifications

- A01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities
- A02 Forestry and logging
- A03 Fishing and aquaculture
- B05 Mining of coal and lignite
- B06 Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
- B07 Mining of metal ores
- B08 Other mining and quarrying
- B09 Mining support service activities
- C10 Manufacture of food products
- C11 Manufacture of beverages
- C12 Manufacture of tobacco products
- C13 Manufacture of textiles
- C14 Manufacture of wearing apparel
- C15 Manufacture of leather and related products
- C16 Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles
- of straw and plaiting materials
- C17 Manufacture of paper and paper products
- C18 Printing and reproduction of recorded media
- C19 Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
- C20 Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products
- C21 Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations
- C22 Manufacture of rubber and plastic products
- C23 Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products
- C24 Manufacture of basic metals
- C25 Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment
- C26 Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products
- C27 Manufacture of electrical equipment
- C28 Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- C29 Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers
- C30 Manufacture of other transport equipment
- C31 Manufacture of furniture
- C32 Other manufacturing
- C33 Repair and installation of machinery and equipment
- D35 Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E36 Water collection, treatment and supply
- E37 Sewerage
- E38 Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery
- E39 Remediation activities and other waste management services
- F41 Construction of buildings
- F42 Civil engineering
- F43 Specialised construction activities
- G45 Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- G46 Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- G47 Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H49 Land transport and transport via pipelines
- H50 Water transport

- H51 Air transport
- H52 Warehousing and support activities for transportation
- H53 Postal and courier activities
- 155 Accommodation
- 156 Food and beverage service activities
- J58 Publishing activities
- J59 Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities
- J60 Programming and broadcasting activities
- J61 Telecommunications
- J62 Computer programming, consultancy and related activities
- J63 Information service activities
- K64 Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding
- K65 Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security
- K66 Activities auxiliary to financial services and insurance activities
- L68 Real estate activities
- M69 Legal and accounting activities
- M70 Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities
- M71 Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis
- M72 Scientific research and development
- M73 Advertising and market research
- M74 Other professional, scientific and technical activities
- M75 Veterinary activities
- N77 Rental and leasing activities
- N78 Employment activities
- N79 Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service and related activities
- N80 Security and investigation activities
- N81 Services to buildings and landscape activities
- N82 Office administrative, office support and other business support activities
- O84 Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P85 Education
- Q86 Human health activities
- Q87 Residential care activities
- Q88 Social work activities without accommodation
- R90 Creative, arts and entertainment activities
- R91 Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
- R92 Gambling and betting activities
- R93 Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities
- S94 Activities of membership organisations
- S95 Repair of computers and personal and household goods
- S96 Other personal service activities
- T97 Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel
- T98 Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of private households for own use
- U99 Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies

Annex 3: NACE 2.0 ecosystem weights

	We	ight	114.07	We	ight	14.05	We	ight		We	ight
NACE	GVA	Emp.	NACE	GVA	Emp.	NACE	GVA	Emp.	NACE	GVA	Em
Aerosp	ace & Def	ence	с	onstructio	on	Creative & Cultural Industries			Digital		
C25	0,0974	0,0870	C25	0,3052	0,3052	C18	1,0000	1,0000	C25	0,0209	0,02
C26	0,4400	0,3600	C28	0,1948	0,1948	C25	0,0090	0,0090	C26	0,2200	0,28
C27	0,2300	0,2000	C31	1,0000	1,0000	C28	0,0126	0,0126	C28	0,0305	0,03
C28	0,0679	0,0679	C33	0,1554	0,1554	C32	0,0800	0,1100	C33	0,0329	0,03
C30	0,6800	0,5300	E36	0,1025	0,1025	C33	0,0132	0,0132	E36	0,0220	0,02
C33	0,1676	0,1380	E37	0,1367	0,1367	E36	0,0247	0,0247	E37	0,0278	0,02
E36	0,0174	0,0174	E38	0,1367	0,1367	E37	0,0189	0,0189	E38	0,0278	0,02
E37	0,0274	0,0274	E39	0,1367	0,1367	E38	0,0189	0,0189	E39	0,0278	0,02
E38	0,0274	0,0274	F41	1,0000	1,0000	E39	0,0189	0,0189	J58	1,0000	1,00
E39	0,0274	0,0274	F42	1,0000	1,0000	G47	0,0100	0,0200	J61	0,9700	0,99
H51	0,0900	0,0600	F43	1,0000	1,0000	J58	1,0000	1,0000	J62	1,0000	1,00
H52	0,1800	0,1100	M69	0,1151	0,1151	J59	1,0000	1,0000	J63	1,0000	1,00
J61	0,0700	0,0700	M70	0,1151	0,1151	J60	1,0000	1,0000	M69	0,0513	0,05
M69	0,0250	0,0250	M71	1,0000	1,0000	J62	0,0040	0,0080	M70	0,0513	0,05
M70	0,0250	0,0250	M72	0,1041	0,1041	J63	0,0040	0,0080	M71	0,0442	0,04
M71	0,0337	0,0337	N77	0,1292	0,1292	M69	0,0277	0,0277	M72	0,0690	0,06
M72	0,0565	0,0565	N78	0,1292	0,1292	M70	0,0277	0,0277	N77	0,0517	0,05
N77	0,0271	0,0271	N81	1,0000	1,0000	M71	0,1703	0,2160	N78	0,0517	0,05
N78	0,0271	0,0271				M72	0,0272	0,0272	S95	0,4800	0,34
N80	1,0000	1,0000				M73	1,0000	1,0000		Electronics	
A	gri-food					M74	0,6400	0,4200	C25	0,0196	0,01
A01	1,0000	1,0000				M75	0,6400	0,4200	C26	1,0000	1,00
A02	1,0000	1,0000				N77	0,0291	0,0291	C28	0,1226	0,12
A03	1,0000	1,0000				N78	0,0285	0,0285	C33	0,0153	0,01
C10	1,0000	1,0000				P85	0,1000	0,1000	E36	0,0069	0,00
C11	1,0000	1,0000				R90	0,8000	0,8000	E37	0,0102	0,01
C12	1,0000	1,0000				R91	0,8000	0,8000	E38	0,0102	0,01
C25	0,0662	0,0662				R92	0,8000	0,8000	E39	0,0102	0,01
C28	0,0782	0,0782				S94	0,0200	0,0200	M69	0,0117	0,01
C33		0,1185				S95	0,2600	0,3500	M70	0,0117	0,01
E36	0,1218						.,	.,	M71	0,0146	0,01
E37	0,0948								M72	0,0507	0,05
E38	0,0948								N77	0,0130	0,01
E39		0,0948							N78	0,0130	0,01
M69		0,0772								.,	.,
M70		0,0772									
M71		0,0602									
M72		0,0721									
N77		0,0821									
	0,0021	0,0021									

N78 0,0821 0,0821

NACE	We	Weight		We	Weight		We	ight	NACE	We	ight
NACE	GVA	Emp.	NACE	GVA	Emp.	NACE	GVA	Emp. NACE	NACE	GVA	Emp.
Energy	Intensive Inc	ve industries		bility-Transp Automotive	lity-Transport- utomotive		Proximity & Social Economy		Textile		
C16	1,0000	1,0000	C25	0,2355	0,2355	C25	0,0235	0,0235	C13	1,0000	1,0000
017	1,0000	1,0000	C27	0,0300	0,0200	C28	0,0300	0,0300	C14	1,0000	1,0000
219	1,0000	1,0000	C28	0,2776	0,2776	C33	0,0357	0,0357	C15	1,0000	1,000
C20	1,0000	1,0000	C29	1,0000	1,0000	E36	0,0765	0,0765	C25	0,0085	0,008
C22	1,0000	1,0000	C30	0,3200	0,4700	E37	0,0537	0,0537	C28	0,0100	0,010
C23	1,0000	1,0000	C33	0,1653	0,1653	E38	0,0537	0,0537	C33	0,0097	0,010
C24	1,0000	1,0000	E36	0,0582	0,0582	E39	0,0537	0,0537	E36	0,0129	0,012
C25	0,0363	0,0360	E37	0,0982	0,0982	G47	0,1600	0,1550	E37	0,0144	0,014
C28	0,0401	0,0400	E38	0,0982	0,0982	155	0,1400	0,1400	E38	0,0144	0,014
C33	0,0474	0,0470	E39	0,0982	0,0982	156	0,1400	0,1400	E39	0,0144	0,014
E36	0,0401	0,0400	G45	1,0000	1,0000	L68	0,080	0,0840	M69	0,0115	0,011
E37	0,0862	0,0860	H49	0,5200	0,5800	M69	0,0572	0,0575	M70	0,0115	0,011
E38	0,0862	0,0860	H50	0,7800	0,7400	M70	0,0572	0,0575	M71	0,0112	0,011
E39	0,0862	0,0860	H52	0,3900	0,3400	M71	0,0442	0,0442	M72	0,0115	0,012
M69	0,0491	0,0490	M69	0,0862	0,0862	M72	0,0465	0,0465	N77	0,0099	0,009
M70	0,0491	0,0490	M70	0,0862	0,0862	N77	0,0612	0,0612	N78	0,0099	0,009
M71	0,0368	0,0368	M71	0,0929	0,0929	N78	0,0612	0,0612		Tourism	
M72	0,0306	0,0306	M72	0,1300	0,1300	N81	0,2800	0,2100	C25	0,0368	0,036
N77	0,0313	0,0313	N77	0,0855	0,0855	N82	0,1100	0,1100	C28	0,0501	0,050
N78	0,0313	0,0313	N78	0,0855	0,0855	Q87	1,0000	1,0000	C33	0,0717	0,071
	Health			Retail		Q88	1,0000	1,0000	E36	0,1046	0,104
C21	1,0000	1,0000	C25	0,0442	0,0442	S95	1,0000	1,0000	E37	0,0712	0,071
C25	0,0516	0,0516	C28	0,0573	0,0573	S96	1,0000	1,0000	E38	0,0712	0,071
C28	0,0562	0,0562	C33	0,0647	0,0647	Т97	1,0000	1,0000	E39	0,0712	0,071
C32	1,0000	1,0000	E36	0,0741	0,0741	T98	1,0000	1,0000	H49	0,4500	0,420
C33	0,0686	0,0686	E37	0,0776	0,0776	Rei	newable Ene		H50	0,2200	0,350
E36	0,1110	0,1110	E38	0,0776	0,0776	C25	0,0160	0,0160	H51	0,9100	0,900
E37	0,0853	0,0853	E39	0,0776	0,0776	C27	0,3800	0,3800	155	1,0000	1,000
E38	0,0853	0,0853	G46	1,0000	1,0000	C28	0,0160	0,0160	156	1,0000	1,000
E39	0,0853	0,0853	G47	1,0000	1,0000	C33	0,0164	0,0160	M69	0,0676	0,067
M69	0,0876	0,0876	H53	1,0000	1,0000 0,1345	D35	0,290	0,2800	M70	0,0676	0,067
M70	0,0876	0,0876	M69 M70	0,1345 0,1345	0,1345	E36	0,0113	0,0113	M71	0,0549	0,054
M71	0,0761	0,0761	M71	0,0800	0,0800	E37	0,0143	0,0143	M72	0,0485	0,048
M72	0,1422	0,1422	M72	0,0814	0,0814	E38	0,0143	0,0143	N77	0,0485	0,048
N77	0,1000	0,1000	N77	0,1269	0,1269	E39	0,0143	0,0143	N78	0,0828	0,082
N78	0,1000	0,1000	N78	0,1269	0,1269	M69	0,0097	0,0100	N79	1,0000	1,000
286	1,0000	1,0000				M70	0,0097	0,0100	N82	1,0000	1,000
Q87	1,0000	1,0000				M71	0,0117	0,0117	R90	0,6600	
Q88	1,0000	1,0000				M72	0,0083	0,00117			0,660
	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,				N77	0,0085	0,0080	R91	0,6600	0,660
									R92	0,6600	0,660
						N78	0,0085	0,0080	R93	1,0000	1,000